GlobalSat under UN Framework Public-Private Partnership (PPP)



UN World Conference on Disaster Risk Reduction 2015 Sendai Japan

CANEUS UN Global Sat Disaster Risk Reduction

GlobalSat for Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR)

CANEUS

A New Global Platform To Fulfill Sustainable Development Commitments In the Post-2015 Framework

A Consolidating Role In the Implementation of Sendai Framework for DRR: 2015-2030 14-16 September 2015 Beijing, China5

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Risk Reduction Activities Thrive Through Analysis of data

Disaster Monitoring & Reduction Activities Require Data from a Suite of Sensors With Different Capabilities and With Ability to Provide <u>Global</u> Coverage.

No Single Satellite

Can Carry Such Complete Set of Sensors No Single Country

Can Afford to Develop Such Complete Set of Sensors & Satellite Systems The Time Has Come To Create a Low Barrier of Entry, Common Shared Platform, That Allows Sharing of Space & Data Segments

System, Data, Solutions To be Placed at the Service of The United Nations

To Better Fulfill their Commitments in the Post-2015 Framework For Disaster Risk Reduction

The CANEUS (CANada-EUrope-Americas-Asia-Africa) Network, founded in 1999

Serves to develop a common platform for space technology solutions

Over 15+ years, CANEUS has created PPP Consortia with Stakeholders worldwide

> For Developing, Integrating and Testing Affordable Space Technology Solutions Through Sharing of Cost and Risk

CANEUS' Consortia **Success** Examples





- CSSP: Collective Safety, Security & Prosperity using Shared Small Satellites in Africa, Middle-East, Americas, Arctic, etc.
- **SSTDM**: Small Satellites and Sensors for **D**isaster Management in India, etc.
- Data Demonstrations and Management in Africa, Asia, Oceania regions

- **FBW:** Fly-by-Wireless for Sustainment and New Aerospace Systems
- MNT: Micro-Nanotechnology for Aerospace and Energy Applications
- **CoE**: Centre for Excellence in Naotechnology, Energy
- NAVIN: Nano Materials and Sensors for Aerospace Vehicles





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GlobalSat for DRR:

- **Opportunity and Implementation Path Forward**

• Opportunity:

- No global partnership to coordinate and organize all the disparate efforts for disaster and environmental monitoring through satellites
- Unique Opportunity Under UN Framework to address:
 - Data availability
 - End-to-end data flow: System of Systems
 - Near real-time Disaster alerts
- Implementation Path:
 - Formulate Global Collaborative Partnership
 - Seeking Guidance and Feedback to Realize the UN Vision

GlobalSat PPP Concept

Common nano-satellite platform allows:

- Data gathering system with the same telemetry and commanding Production in numbers that decreases overall cost and increases predictability of performance
- Common ground segment Common launch interface and dep Design tailored to specific requirem **DREADABLE** duration •
- •
- Availability of spare's across all participants •
- Inter-satellite communication system •

Payloads built all over the world and dedicated to gather data:

- Infrared
- Visible
- Panchromatic
- Ground sensors data collection Synthetic Aperture Radar ADAPTABLE Etc...
- Platform / Payload Integration can be done in states that build the payloads
 - Secondary benefits for local economy
- All data collected and available state of the participating countries Leverage on each other state of the participating countries of the participating •

SCALABLE

GlobalSat Platform Under UN Framework

- Complements and different from existing efforts
- **GlobalSat:** A constellation of diverse instruments (hyperspectral, IR, SAR, etc..) and ability to do data exfiltration from sensors on the ground
- GlobalSat solution is part technical product and part educational and empowerment
 - Focus is on capacity building
- GlobalSat shall assimilate information of other space assets to enhance data processing and interpretation
 - e.g. Leverage on recent agreement between UNOOSA and DigitalGlobe
 - GlobalSat puts the local entities in the driving seat and empower them into a self-sustainable system for them to manage.
 - Current solutions usually put private companies on the driving seat.

GlobalSat Implementation Issues

Technical

- Suite of sensors and satellite system
- Common data and access
 Affordable
 Sustainable
- Adaptable

Scalable

• Expansion to sustain growing need and achieve global coverage (space and time)

Programmatic

- Accessibility:
 - low barrier of entry
- Accountability: to Serve
 Global Communities
- Program Management: Lean
 Effective Leadership
- Resources: Accomplish
 GlobalSat Vision
- Job Creation: In Global Communities
- Educational Imperative

GlobalSat Implementation Steps:

•Primary Objective: Seek Stakeholder's Perspectives

Potential Models for Resources:

- Participating Countries Pool-in resources to address Application-Specific goals
 - Key Challenge: Potential Bureaucratic delays
- > Public-Private Partnership (PPP) Model:
 - Proven and Successful in Similar Endeavors
 - Large pool of pro-active foundations, & Individual

Balancing the needs and challenges

- Identify the Scope, limitations and complimentary features
- Clearly Articulate the broad programmatic issues

Primary Goal: Address end-users Needs and requirements

GlobalSat PPP Roles and Responsibilities



Potential PPP Financial Framework



Participation Fee In kind assets and services

> World Bank Investment Entities Established funds

Offset of credits Direct participation In-kind contribution

"Spending on disaster management is an investment, not a risk. As such we should strive for the best ROI for each investor"

PPP Session expectations

Seeking input from participants:

•What changes are needed to this PPP concept to address the global framework needs?

•Which are the first countries / regions for PPP?

•Who are the main PPP stakeholders to include in the formulation phase?

•Which are the best financial mechanisms to consider?



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Thank You

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