



UN-SPIDER RSO Ukraine. Current activities

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NTUU "Igor Sikorsky Kyiv Polytechnic Institute",

Who we are?



National Technical University of Ukraine «Kyiv Polytechnic Institute»

- Department of Mathematical Modelling and Data Analysis

Space Reserch Institute National Academy of Sciences of Ukraine

- Department of space information technologies and systems
- GEO Working Plan - **GEOGLAM, JECAM, EuroGEO**
- **UN-SPIDER RSO**
- **Copernicus Academy**





Our expertise

- Satellite monitoring
- Machine learning on satellite data
- Land cover/land use
- Geospatial intelligence

Interactive Map

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Journals & Magazines > IEEE Geoscience and Remote Sensing Letters > Volume: 14 Issue: 5 ?

Deep Learning Classification of Land Cover and Crop Types Using Remote Sensing Data

Publisher: IEEE

Cite This

PDF

Nataliia Kussul ; Mykola Lavreniuk ; Sergii Skakun ; Andrii Shelestov [All Authors](#)

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Abstract

Document
Sections

Abstract:

Deep learning (DL) is a powerful state-of-the-art technique for image processing including remote sensing (RS) images. This letter describes a multilevel DL architecture that targets land cover and crop type classification from multitemporal

Methodology of LC/LU classification

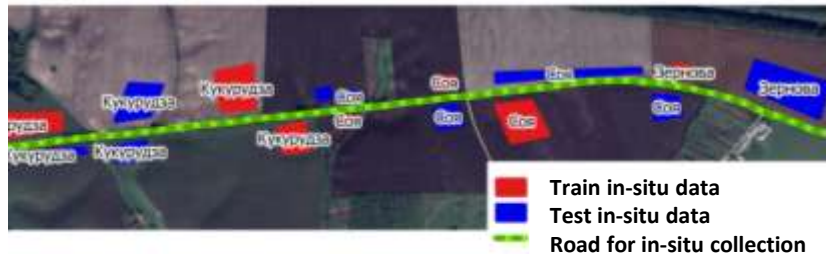


Input data

Time series satellite data
(Sentinel-1,2)



In-situ data along the roads



Artificial
Intelligence



LC/LU classification map



Joint Experiment of Crop Assessment and Monitoring

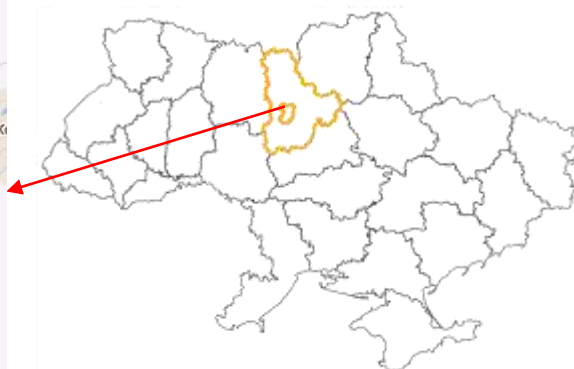


JECAM

- *Мережа полігонів*
- *Розробка методів валіації*
- *Оцінка посівних площ*
- *Класифікація сільськогосподарських культур*
- *Адаптація моделей росту культур*



Територія інтенсивного спостереження



Київська область & Васильківський район

Interactive Map

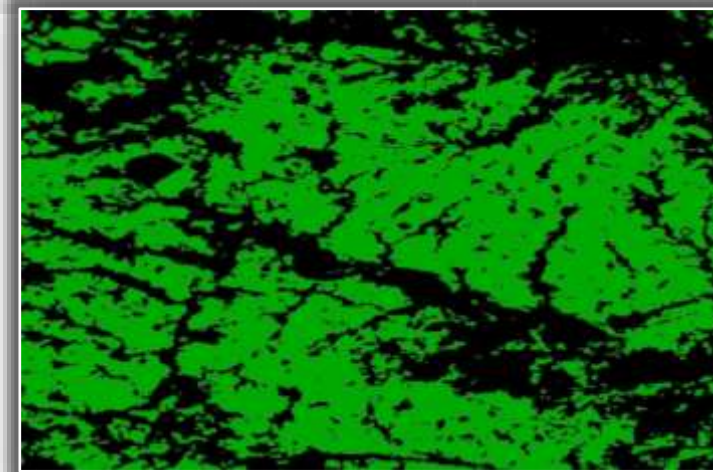
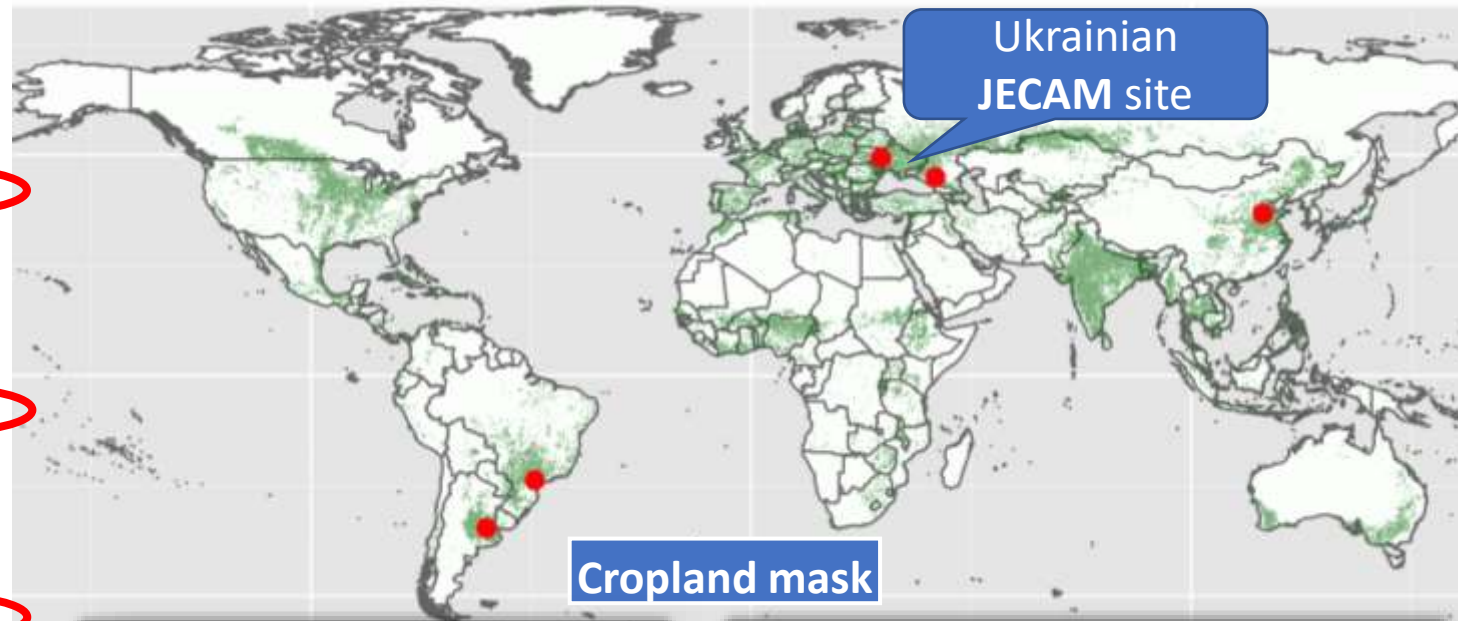
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Validation methodology for JECAM



site	method	OA
Ukraine	iki	93.62
Ukraine	inta	96.58
Ukraine	radi	95.91
Ukraine	sri	98.04
Ukraine	ucl	97.58
Argentina	iki	90.74
Argentina	inta	92.66
Argentina	radi	90.52
Argentina	sri	95.49
Argentina	ucl	85.33
Brazil	iki	90.26
Brazil	inta	89.54
Brazil	radi	84.45
Brazil	sri	91.60
Brazil	ucl	91.15
China	iki	90.58
China	inta	91.23
China	radi	90.58
China	sri	90.58
China	ucl	88.31
Russia	iki	98.19
Russia	inta	95.40
Russia	radi	94.48
Russia	sri	98.38
Russia	ucl	95.21



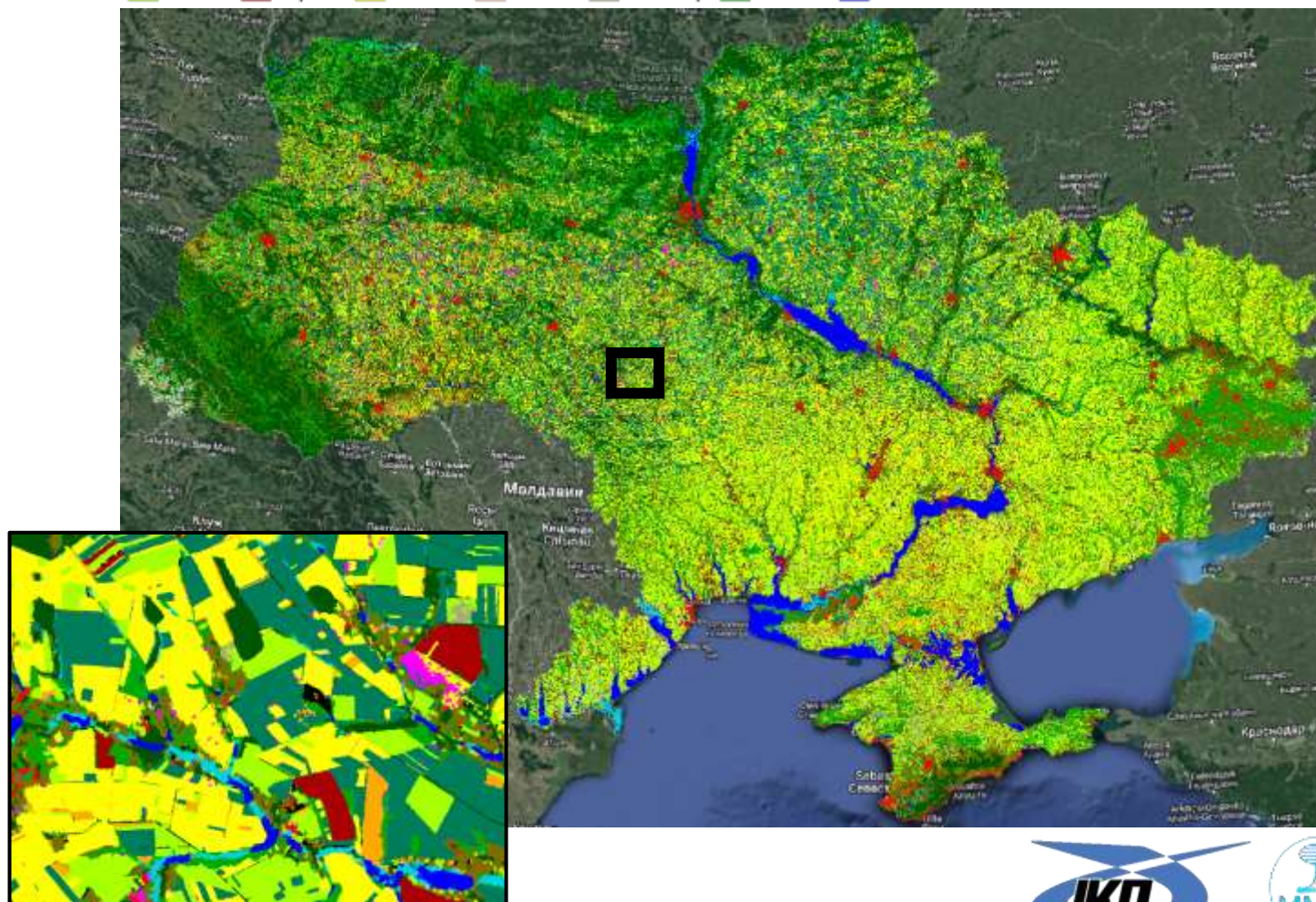


Classification in CREODIAS Cloud

Ukraine 2021

Artificial Barley Maize Soybeans Alfalfa Forest Bare land Wetland Gardens, parks Grape
 Wheat Rapeseed Sunflower Peas Other crops Grassland Water

Class	PA	UA	F1
Artificial	96,7	98,2	97,4
Cereal	98,6	99,8	99,2
Rapeseed	98,9	99,7	99,3
Buckwheat	93,1	57	70,7
Maize	97,7	98,3	98
Sugar beet	98,6	91,3	94,8
Sunflower	97,2	99,6	98,4
Soybeans	94,5	92,8	93,6
Other crops	75,5	44,5	56
Forest	99,3	98	98,7
Grassland	96,5	89,2	92,7
Bareland	96,9	44,9	61,4
Water	100	99,9	100
Wetland	92,6	83,1	87,6
Peas	89,3	92,7	91
Alfalfa	63,6	72,3	67,7
Low trees	76,9	86,5	81,4
Grape	91,2	86,4	88,7
Overall Accuracy	97,6		





Crop classification for Ukraine, 2022

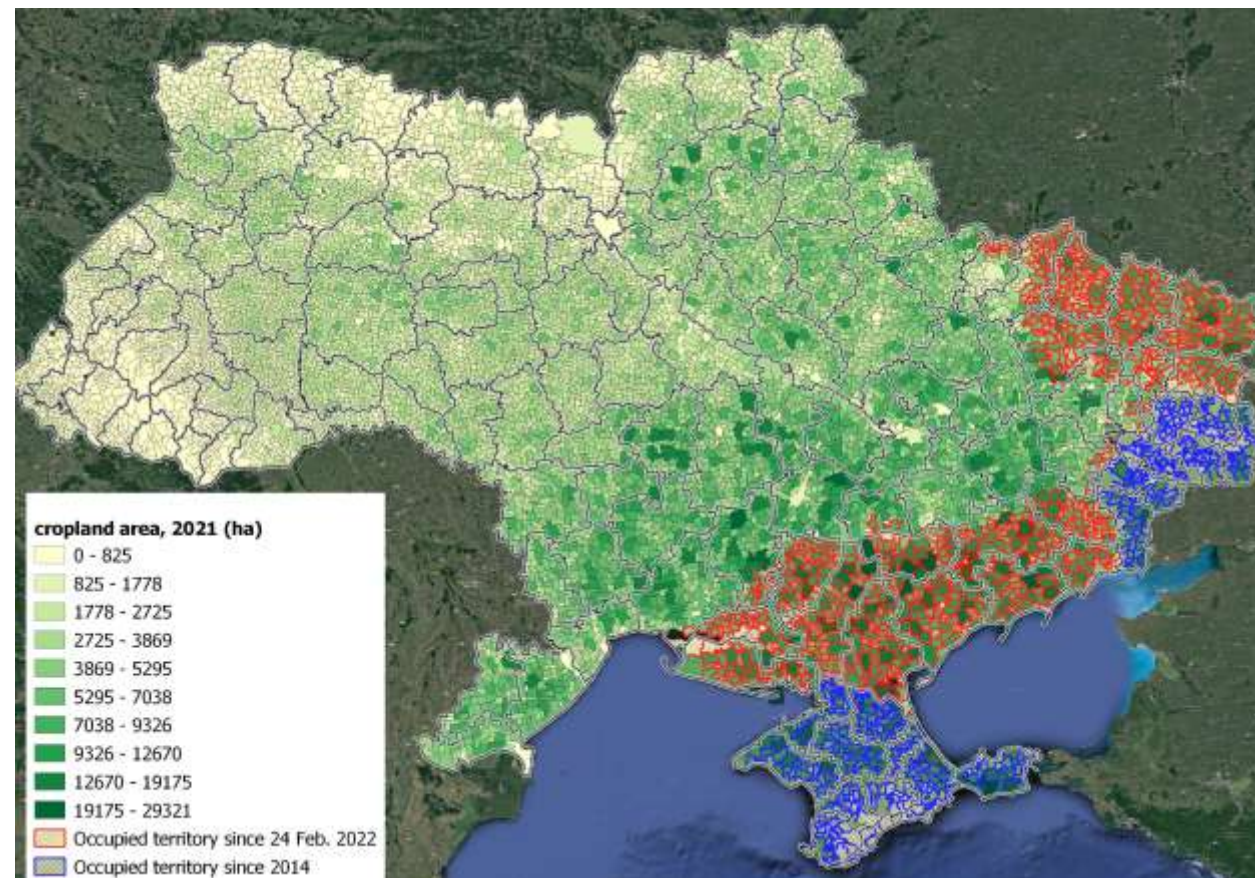
Class	PA (%)	UA (%)	F1 (%)
Artificial	93,2	98,5	95,8
Wheat	96,5	95,5	96
Rapeseed	99,9	100	100
Buckwheat	62,6	93,4	75
Maize	94,8	94,2	94,5
Sugar beet	100	86,7	92,9
Sunflower	98	98,5	98,2
Soybeans	80,3	84,2	82,2
Other crops	70,8	9,2	16,3
Forest	99,9	97,5	98,7
Grassland	95,3	85,2	90
Bareland	94,6	82,5	88,1
Water	99,6	100	99,8
Wetland	91,8	88,9	90,3
Barley	78,3	84,2	81,2
Peas	100	99,1	99,5
Alfalfa	94,8	83	88,5
Gardens, parks	83	97,1	89,5
Grapes	85,9	96,3	90,8
Potato	76,4	100	86,7
OA = 95%			



Occupied cropland 2022

In MLN ha	Occupied since 2014	Occupied since 24 Feb. 2022	Not occupied	Total MLN ha
Cropland	1,73 (5.6%)	5,70 (18.3%)	23,58 (76.1%)	31,00
Winter crops 2022	0,59 (6.6%)	2,05 (22.9%)	6,33 (70.5%)	8,97

Total **occupied** cropland is **5.7 MLN ha**

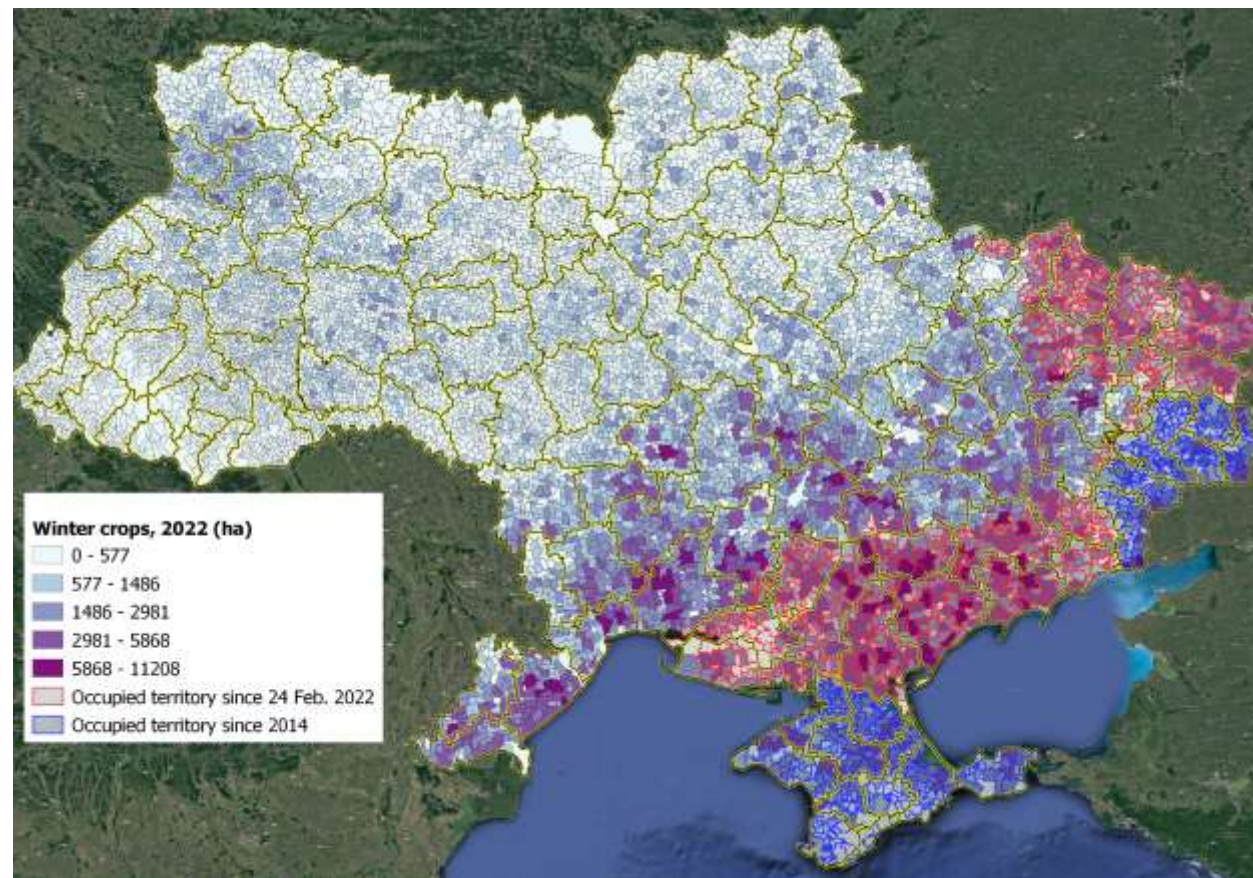




Occupied winter crops 2022

In MLN ha	Occupied since 2014	Occupied since 24 Feb. 2022	Not occupied	Total
Cropland	1,73 (5.6%)	5,70 (18.3%)	23,58 (76.1%)	31,00
Winter crops 2022	0,59 (6.6%)	2,05 (22.9%)	6,33 (70.5%)	8,97

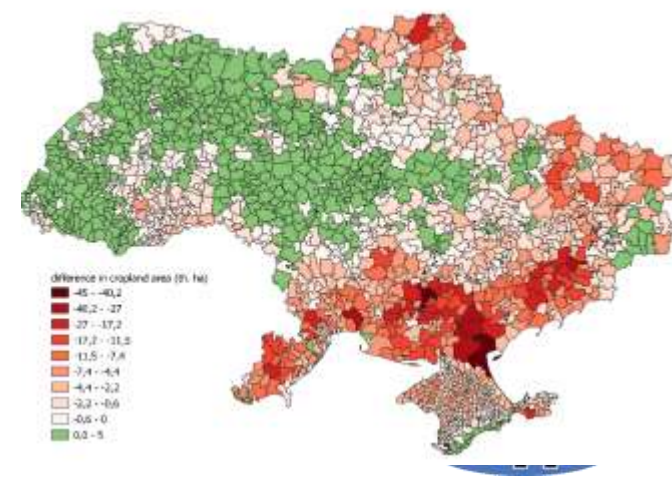
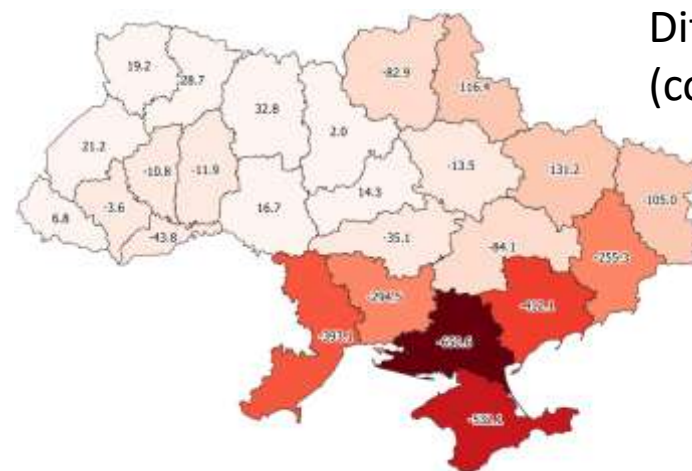
Total **occupied** winter crops is **2.05 MLN ha**





Cropland difference between 2021 & 2022

	Cropland 2021, th ha	Cropland 2022, th ha	Difference in Cropland area, th ha	Difference in Cropland area, %
AR of Crimea	1182,67	650,6	-532,1	-45,0
Khersonska	1765,72	1115,1	-650,6	-36,8
Zaporizka	1968,60	1556,5	-412,1	-20,9
Odeska	2071,75	1678,6	-393,1	-19,0
Donetska	1364,92	1109,7	-255,3	-18,7
Chernivetska	257,35	213,6	-43,8	-17,0
Mykolaivska	1770,21	1475,7	-294,5	-16,6
Sumska	1256,47	1140,1	-116,4	-9,3
Luhanska	1171,90	1066,9	-105,0	-9,0
Kharkivska	1872,06	1740,8	-131,2	-7,0
Chernihivska	1401,22	1318,4	-82,9	-5,9
Dnipropetrovska	2068,38	1984,2	-84,1	-4,1
Kirovohradska	1783,98	1748,9	-35,1	-2,0
Ivano-Frankivska	281,28	277,6	-3,6	-1,3
Ternopilska	874,31	863,6	-10,8	-1,2
Khmelnyska	1234,85	1222,9	-11,9	-1,0
Poltavska	1798,63	1785,1	-13,5	-0,8
Kyivska	1200,51	1202,5	2,0	0,2
Vinnytska	1615,31	1632,1	16,7	1,0
Cherkaska	1218,88	1233,2	14,3	1,2
Lvivska	606,43	627,6	21,2	3,5
Volynska	524,71	543,9	19,2	3,7
Zhytomyrska	885,33	918,1	32,8	3,7
Rivnenska	504,27	533,0	28,7	5,7
Zakarpatska	76,85	83,7	6,8	8,9
Ukraine total	30756,58	27722,3	-3034,2	-9,9

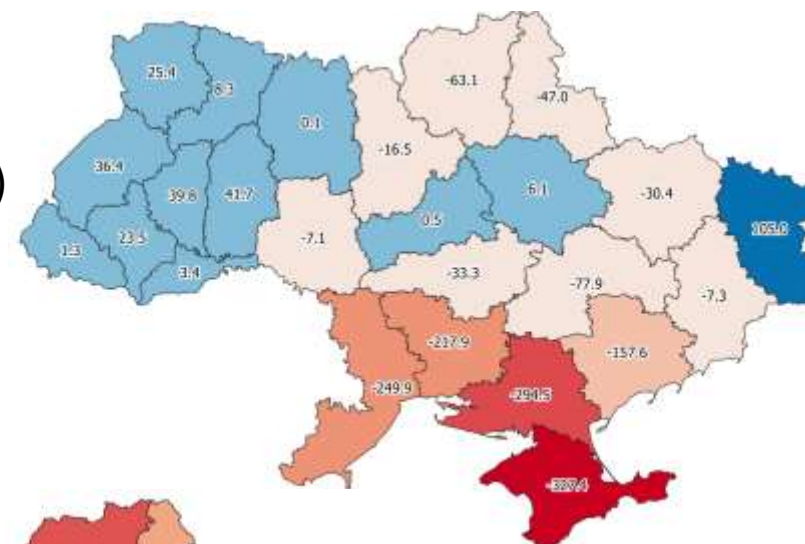




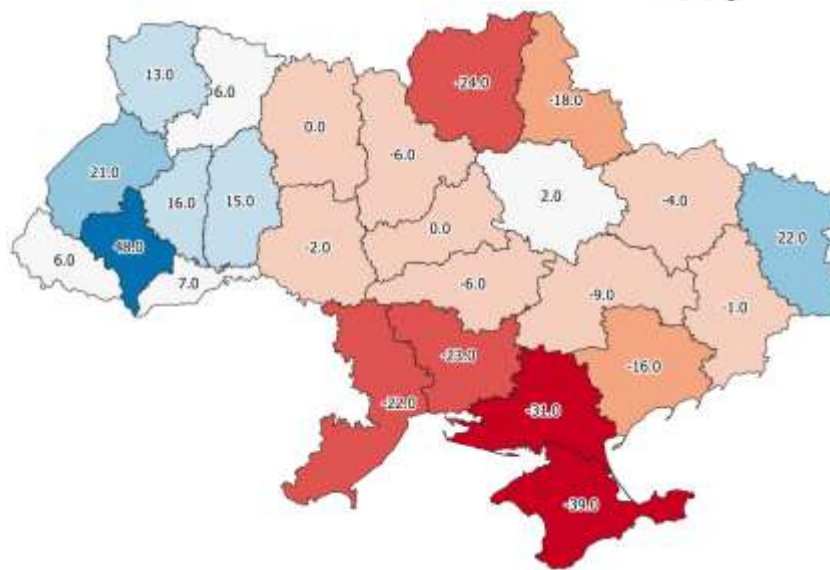
Cereal area difference between 2021 & 2022

	Cereal 2021, th ha	Cereal 2022, th ha	Difference in cereal area, th ha	Difference in cereal area, %
AR of Crimea	833,5	506,1	-327,4	-39,3
Khersonska	952,7	658,2	-294,5	-30,9
Chernihivska	261,2	198,0	-63,1	-24,2
Mykolaivska	954,7	736,8	-217,9	-22,8
Odeska	1141,2	891,3	-249,9	-21,9
Sumska	259,2	212,2	-47,0	-18,1
Zaporizka	1005,0	847,5	-157,6	-15,7
Dnipropetrovska	825,7	747,8	-77,9	-9,4
Kirovohradska	544,5	511,1	-33,3	-6,1
Kyivska	291,0	274,5	-16,5	-5,7
Kharkivska	786,6	756,2	-30,4	-3,9
Vinnytska	424,0	416,9	-7,1	-1,7
Donetska	703,0	695,7	-7,3	-1,0
Zhytomyrska	218,2	218,2	0,1	0,0
Cherkaska	283,1	283,6	0,5	0,2
Poltavska	350,5	356,6	6,1	1,7
Rivnenska	149,6	157,9	8,3	5,5
Zakarpatska	20,9	22,2	1,3	6,3
Chernivetska	45,5	48,9	3,4	7,4
Volynska	202,0	227,4	25,4	12,6
Khmelnyska	278,2	319,9	41,7	15,0
Ternopil'ska	243,2	283,0	39,8	16,4
Lvivska	171,3	207,7	36,4	21,3
Luhanska	486,3	591,4	105,0	21,6
Ivano-Frankiv'ska	48,8	72,2	23,5	48,1
Ukraine total	11479,8	10241,3	-1238,5	-10,8

Difference in th.ha
(compared to 2021)



Difference in %
(compared to 2021)

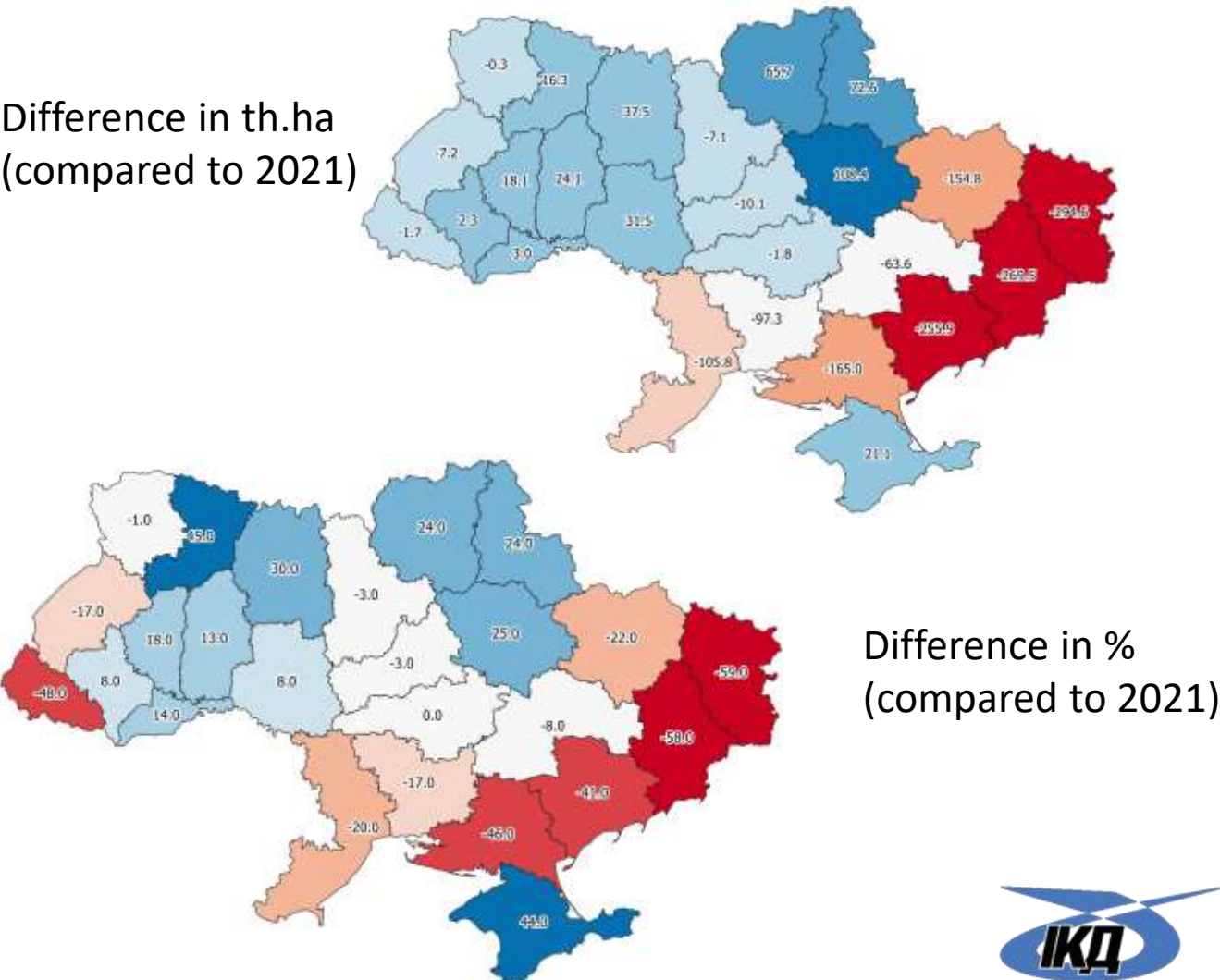




Sunflower area difference between 2021 & 2022

	Sunflower 2021, th ha	Sunflower 2022, th ha	Difference in Sunflower area, th ha	Difference in Sunflower area, %
Luhanska	503,0	208,4	-294,6	-58,6
Donetska	464,5	195,0	-269,5	-58,0
Zakarpatska	3,7	1,9	-1,7	-47,8
Khersonska	357,1	192,1	-165,0	-46,2
Zaporizka	626,8	370,9	-255,9	-40,8
Kharkivska	694,7	540,0	-154,8	-22,3
Odeska	533,4	427,6	-105,8	-19,8
Lvivska	42,8	35,6	-7,2	-16,9
Mykolaivska	588,3	491,0	-97,3	-16,5
Dnipropetrovska	846,7	783,1	-63,6	-7,5
Cherkaska	311,3	301,2	-10,1	-3,2
Kyivska	234,5	227,4	-7,1	-3,0
Volynska	36,3	36,0	-0,3	-0,9
Kirovohradska	702,1	700,3	-1,8	-0,3
Ivano-Frankivska	29,3	31,5	2,3	7,7
Vinnitska	385,4	416,9	31,5	8,2
Khmelnitska	191,3	215,5	24,1	12,6
Chernivetska	20,7	23,6	3,0	14,4
Ternopil'ska	99,9	118,0	18,1	18,1
Chernihiv'ska	276,6	342,4	65,7	23,8
Sumska	304,7	377,3	72,6	23,8
Poltav'ska	434,4	542,8	108,4	24,9
Zhytomyr'ska	126,3	163,7	37,5	29,7
AR of Crimea	47,5	68,5	21,1	44,4
Rivnenska	36,3	52,7	16,3	45,0
Ukraine total	7897,5	6863,4	-1034,1	-13,1

Difference in th.ha
(compared to 2021)



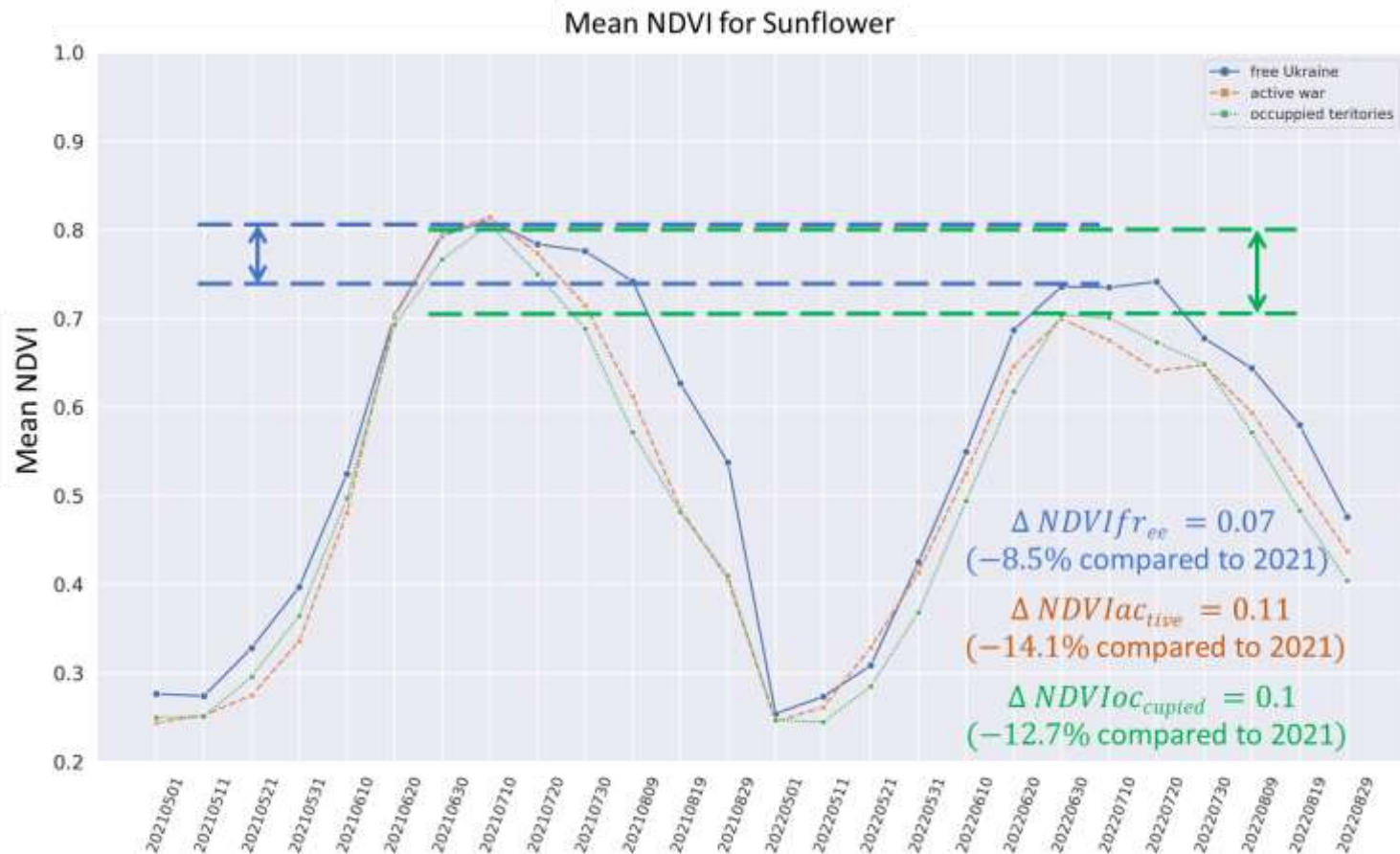
Difference in %
(compared to 2021)



NDVI analysis at village level for sunflower

2021 & 2022

date	2021, mean ndvi values			2022, mean ndvi values		
	free Ukraine	active war	occupied territories	free Ukraine	active war	occupied territories
05-01	0,28	0,24	0,25	0,25	0,25	0,25
05-11	0,27	0,25	0,25	0,27	0,26	0,24
05-21	0,33	0,27	0,30	0,31	0,33	0,29
05-31	0,40	0,34	0,36	0,43	0,41	0,37
06-10	0,52	0,48	0,50	0,55	0,53	0,49
06-20	0,70	0,70	0,69	0,69	0,65	0,62
06-30	0,79	0,80	0,77	0,74	0,70	0,70
07-10	0,81	0,81	0,81	0,74	0,68	0,70
07-20	0,78	0,77	0,75	0,74	0,64	0,67
07-30	0,78	0,71	0,69	0,68	0,65	0,65
08-09	0,74	0,61	0,57	0,64	0,59	0,57
08-19	0,63	0,49	0,48	0,58	0,52	0,48
08-29	0,54	0,41	0,41	0,48	0,44	0,40





WORKING PAPER

Quantifying War-Induced Crop Losses in Ukraine in Near Real Time to Strengthen Local and Global Food Security



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WORKING PAPER

Quantifying War-Induced Crop Losses in Ukraine in Near Real Time to Strengthen Local and Global Food Security



ABSTRACT VIEWS

557



This paper uses a 4-year panel (2019–2022) of 10,125 village councils in Ukraine to estimate direct and indirect effects of the war started by Russia on area and expected yield of winter crops. Satellite imagery is used to provide information on direct damage to agricultural fields; classify crop cover using machine learning; and compute the Normalized Difference Vegetation Index (NDVI) for winter cereal fields as a proxy for yield. Without conflict, winter crop area would have been 9.14 rather than 8.38 mn. ha, a 0.75 mn. ha reduction, 86% of which is due to economy-wide effects. The estimated conflict-induced drop in NDVI for winter cereal, which is particularly pronounced for small farms, translates into a 15% yield reduction or an output loss of 4.2 million tons. Taking area and yield reduction together suggests a war-induced loss of winter crop output of 20% if the current winter crop can be harvested fully.

Citation

15% yield reduction in 2022
output loss of **4.2 million tons** of
winter cereal

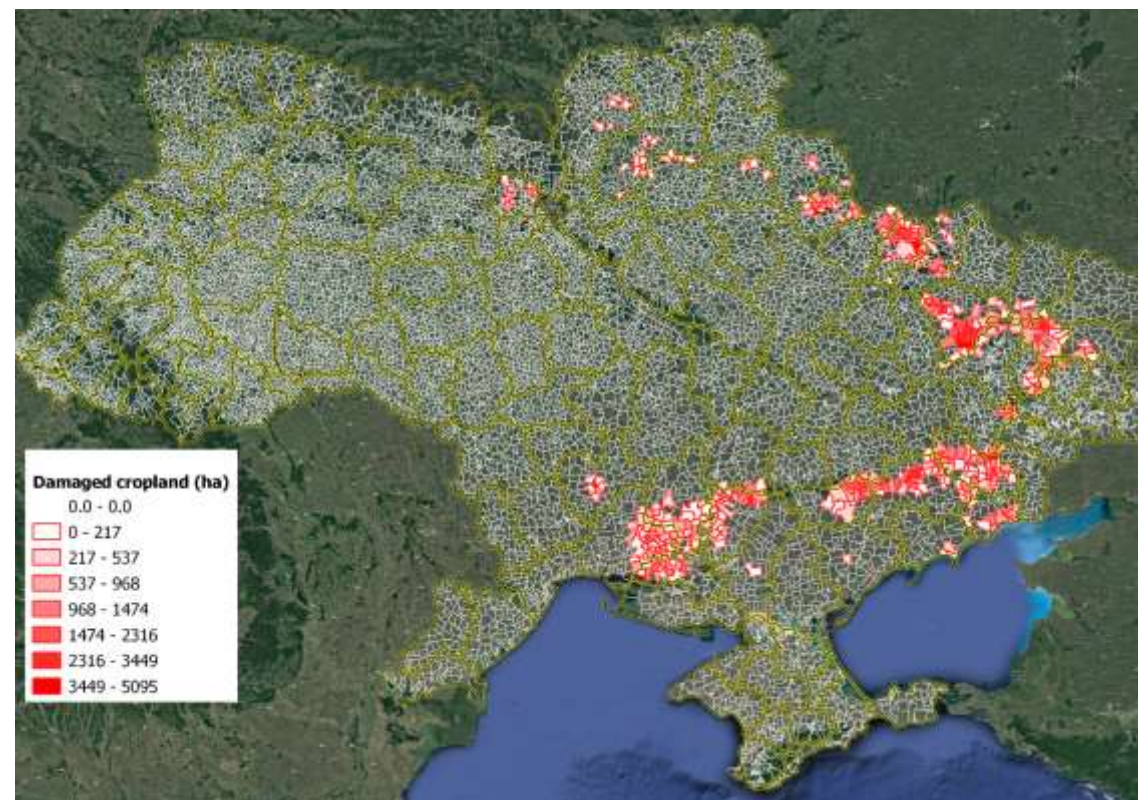
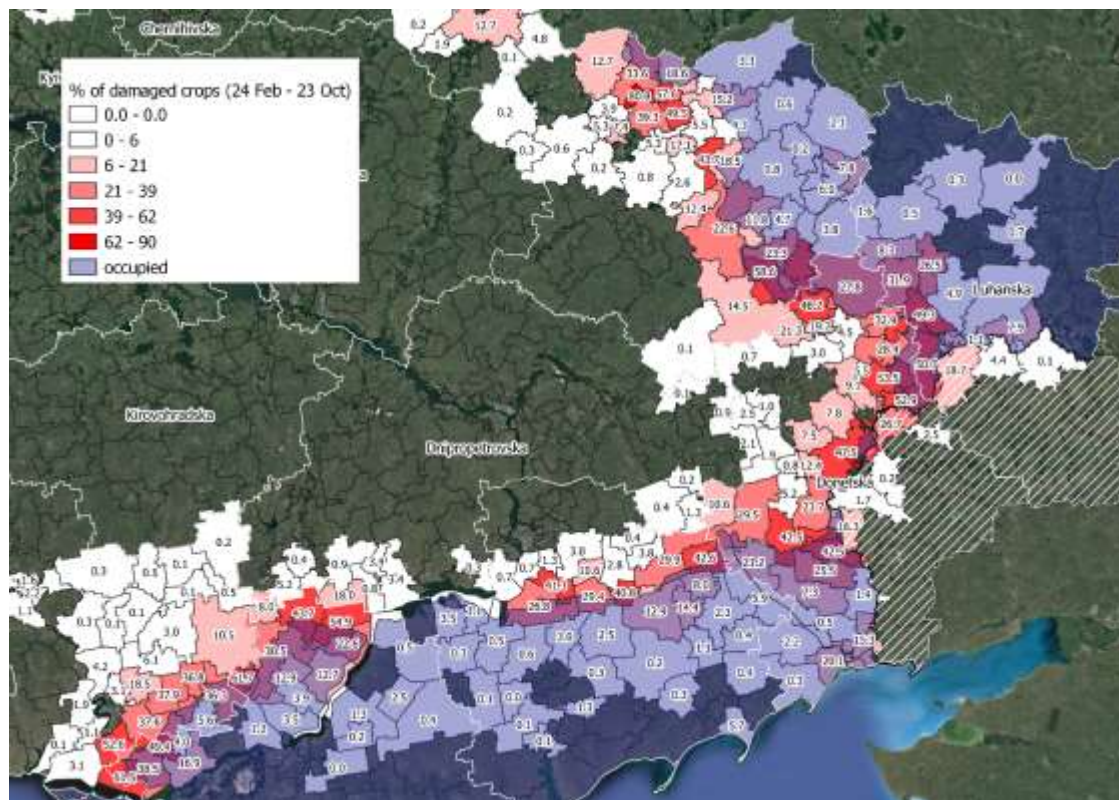
<https://openknowledge.worldbank.org/handle/10986/37665>





Damaged cropland

Total directly damaged area is **657 th. ha** (as of 23 October 2022)





Damaged fields (examples)

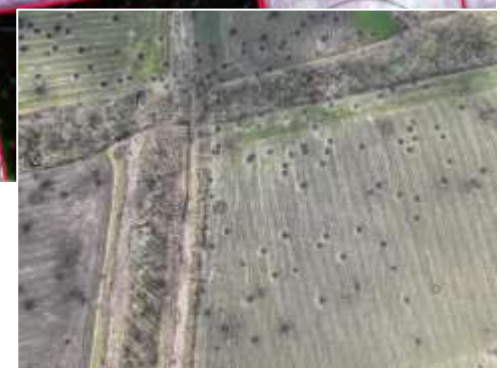
Zaporizka oblast, Vasylivskii region, Stepnohirska OTG
Sentinel-2



Khersonska oblast, Beryslavskii region, Novovorontsovska OTG
Sentinel-2



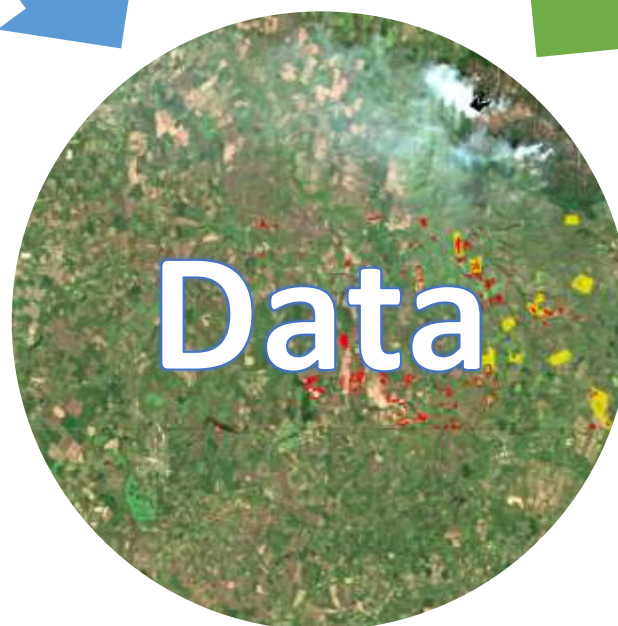
Kharkivska oblast, Izum
Drone





Detection of war-damaged fields based on NDVI using Sentinel-2 data

Data



Methodology

The method of detecting damaged territories is based on the calculation of the relative difference of NDVI for the shortest interval of time before and after active hostilities in a specific territory, according to the following formulas:

$$NDVI = \frac{NIR - RED}{NIR + RED}$$

where:

NIR - near infrared

RED - infrared

$$dNDVI_t = \frac{NDVI_{t+1} - NDVI_t}{NDVI_t} * 100\%$$

where:

$dNDVI_t$ - is the relative percentage difference of NDVI at point t.

$NDVI_t$ - NDVI value before potential damage to the territory at point t.

$NDVI_{t+1}$ - NDVI value after potential damage to the territory at point t.

Algorithm

1. Application of a crop mask

2. Calculation of NDVI before and after hostilities

3. Calculation of the relative difference of NDVI

4. Creating a relative difference NDVI mask with a given numerical threshold

5. Find damaged pixels using a relative difference NDVI mask

6. Conducting zonal statistics along the vector boundaries of agricultural fields of Ukraine, having previously retreated 3 meters inward from the borders of the polygons

7. Selection of fields where the percentage of damaged area does not exceed 70% of the field area.

Note: (the threshold varies depending on the vegetation period within 20-30%)



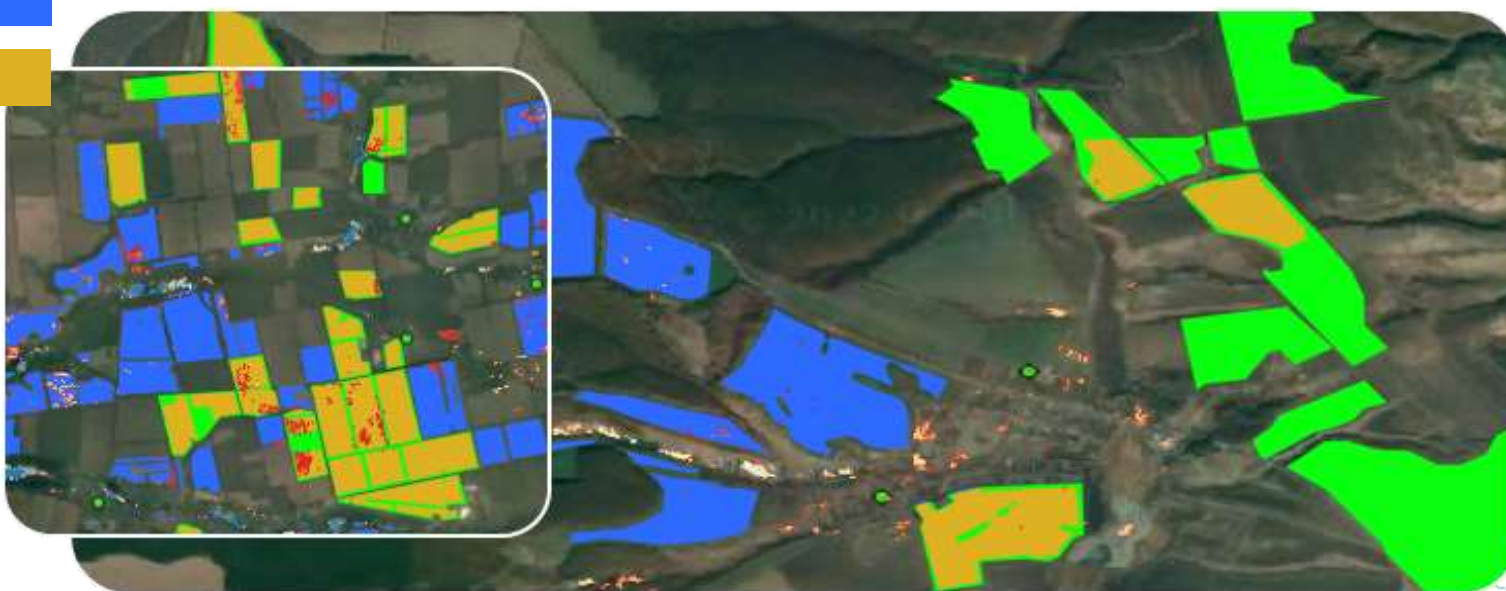
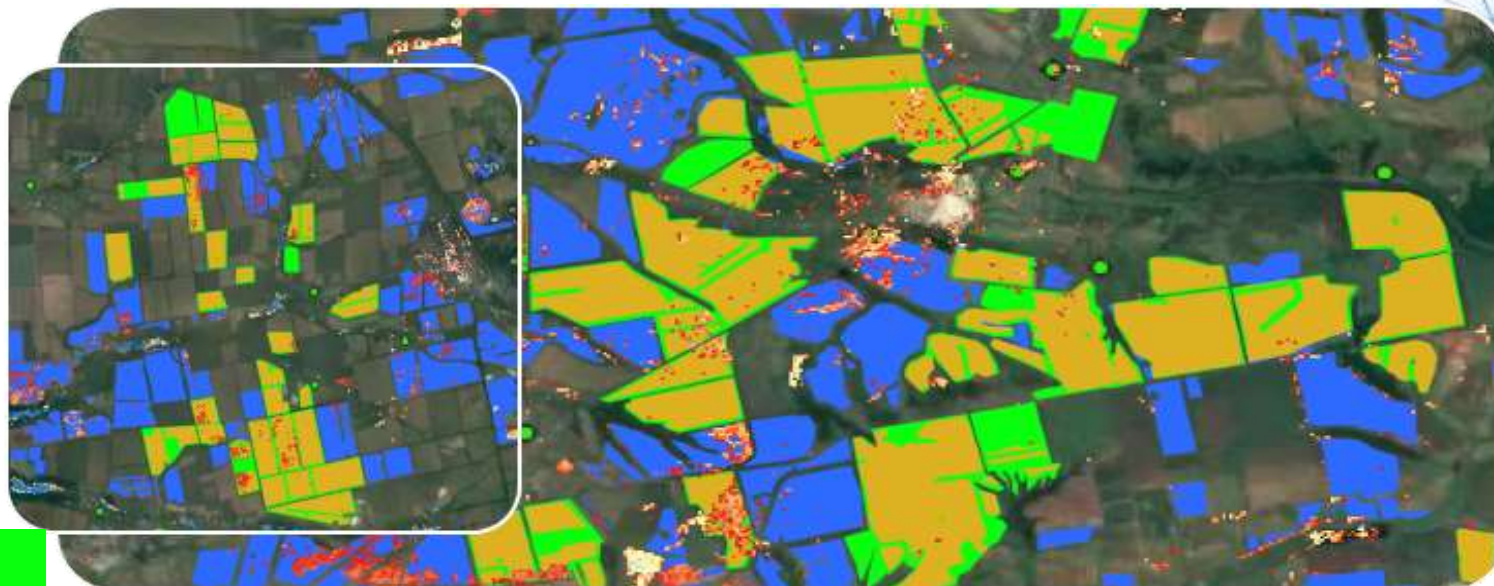
Results

Period: 06 June – 19 June
Donetsk Region

Manually marked fields

Damaged based on NDVI

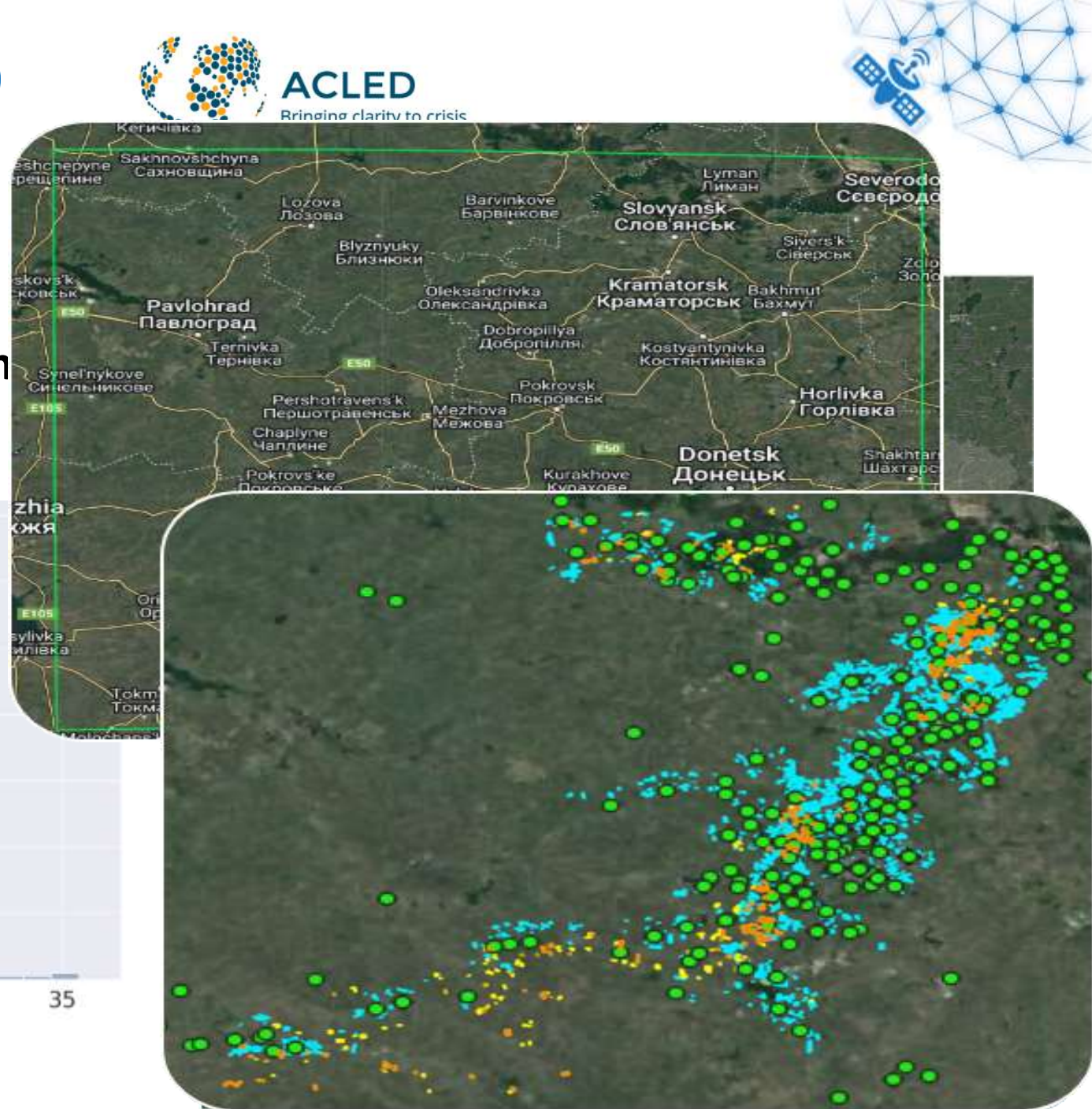
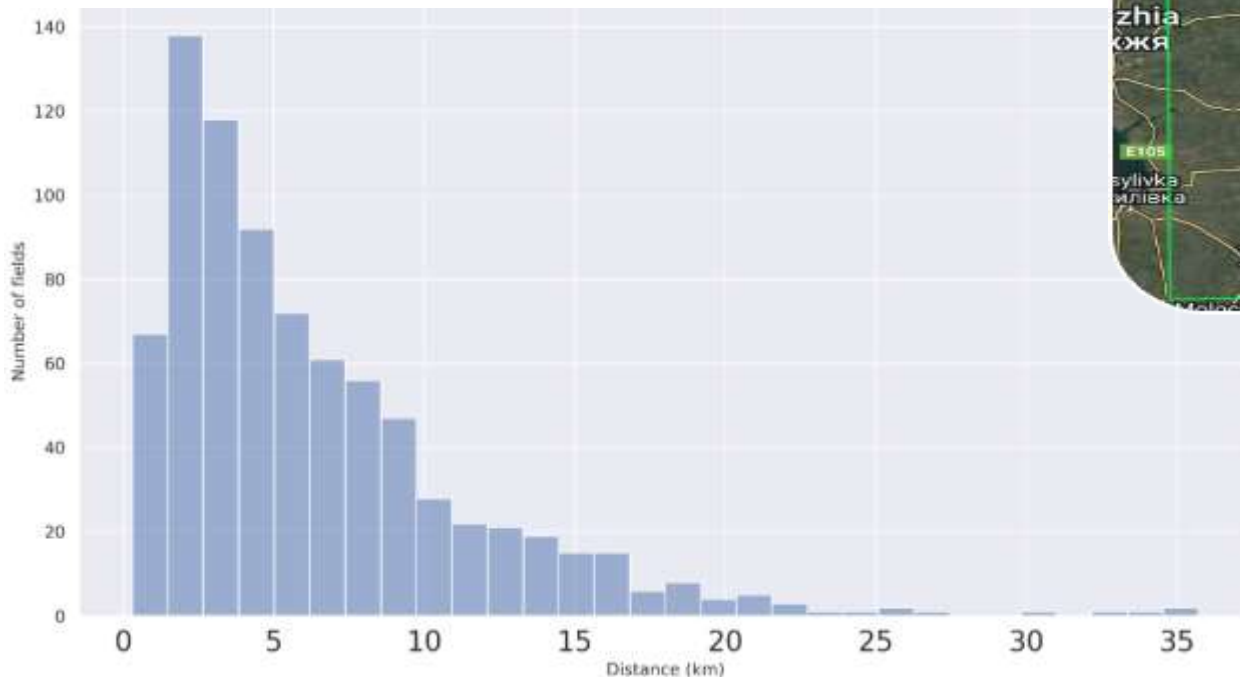
Intersection (Manually & based on NDVI)



Validation with ACLED

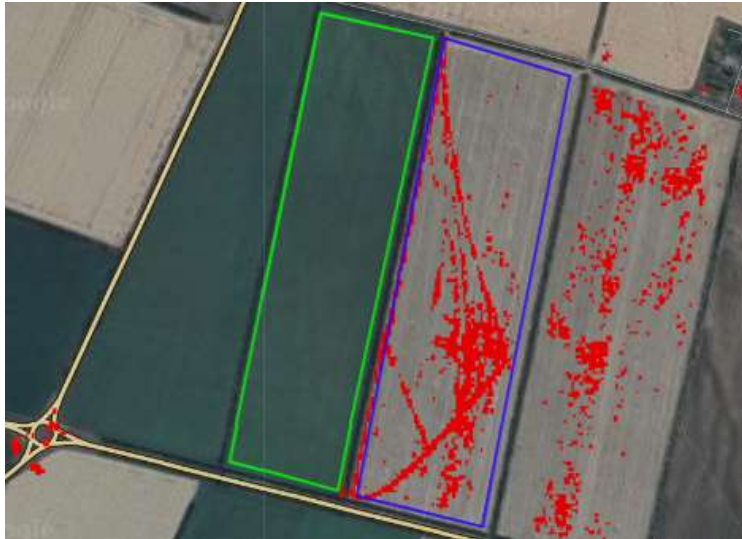
Period 8. : 06 June – 19 June

The distance of the damaged fields from official locations of shelling

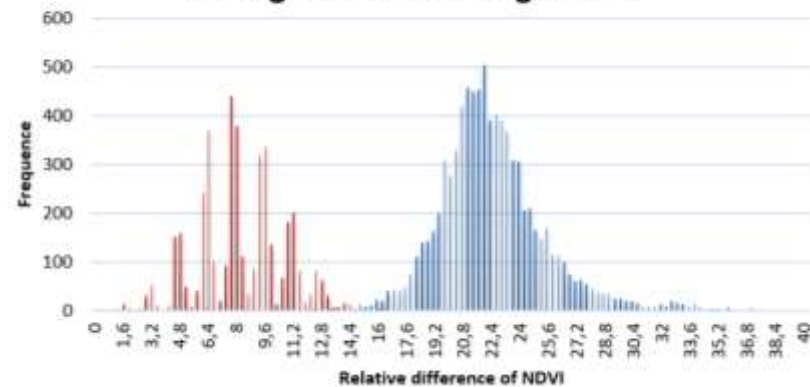


Results

Period: 06 June – 19 June
Donetsk Region



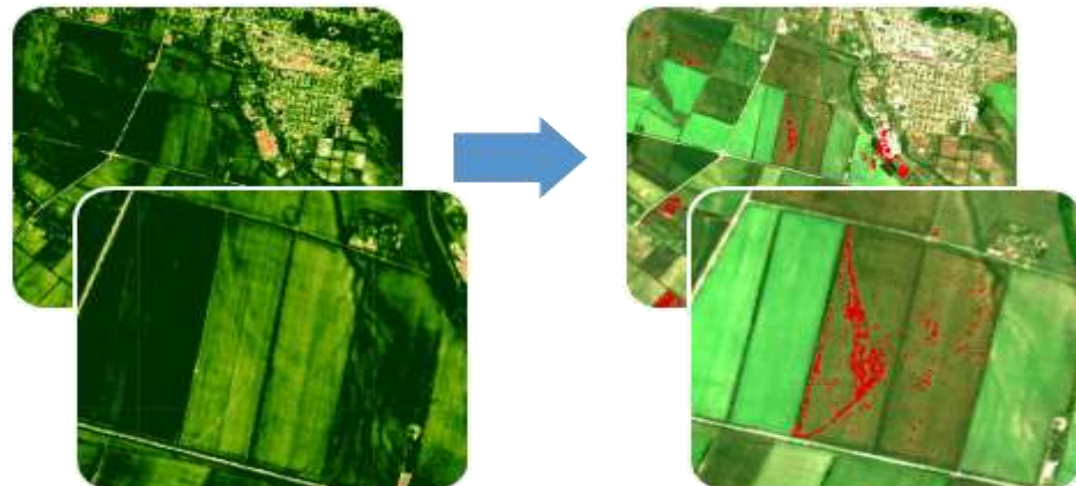
The relative difference of NDVI on the damaged and undamaged field



Point damage



Traces of military equipment



Automatic identification of bombs pits

CREODIAS
powered by CloudGeo

SINERGISE

Red, Green, Blue, NIR satellite bands



Mean $NDVI_{field}$ calculation

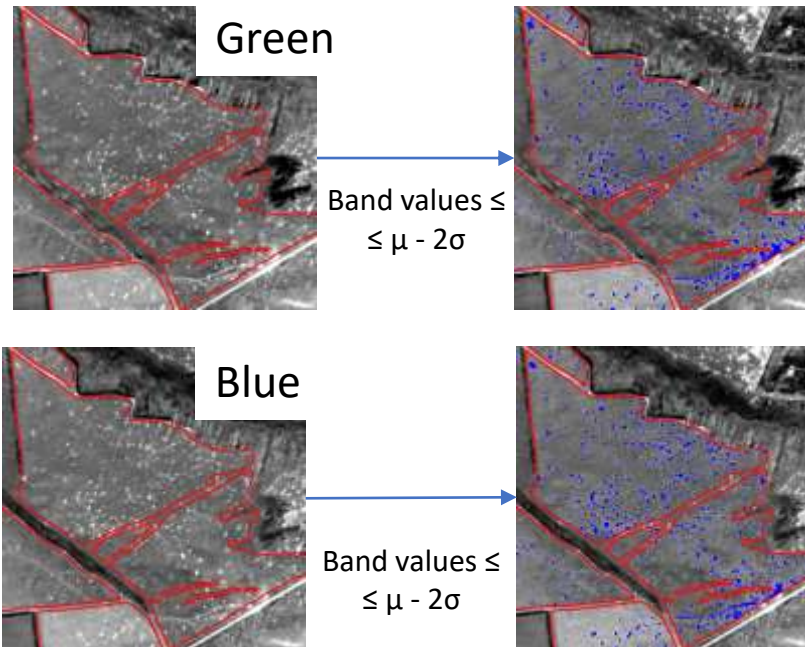
$$NDVI_{field} = \text{mean} \left(\frac{NIR_i - RED_i}{NIR_i + RED_i} \right),$$

where i – pixel within the field

low vegetation

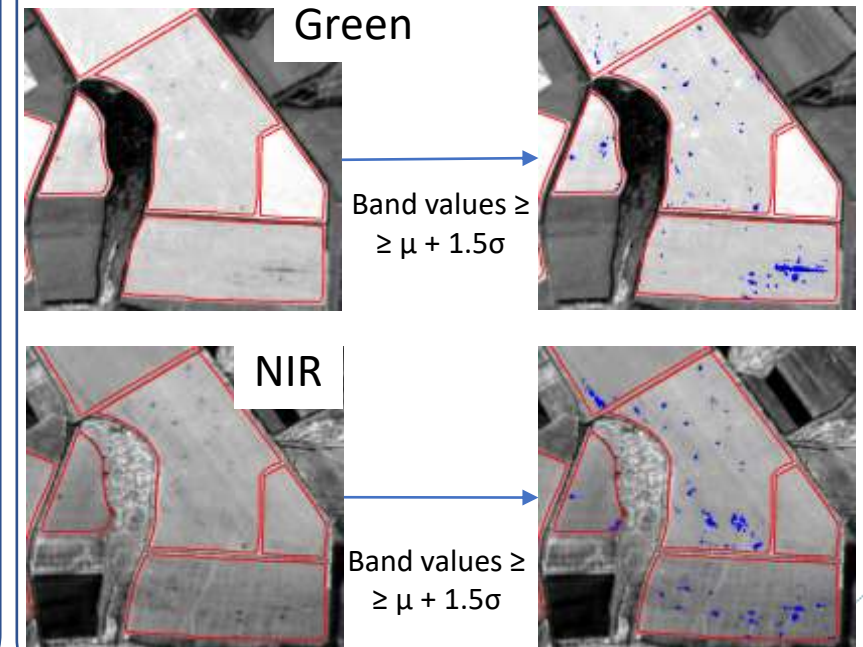
high vegetation

Green and Blue bands use



μ – mean band's value at field level

Green and NIR bands use

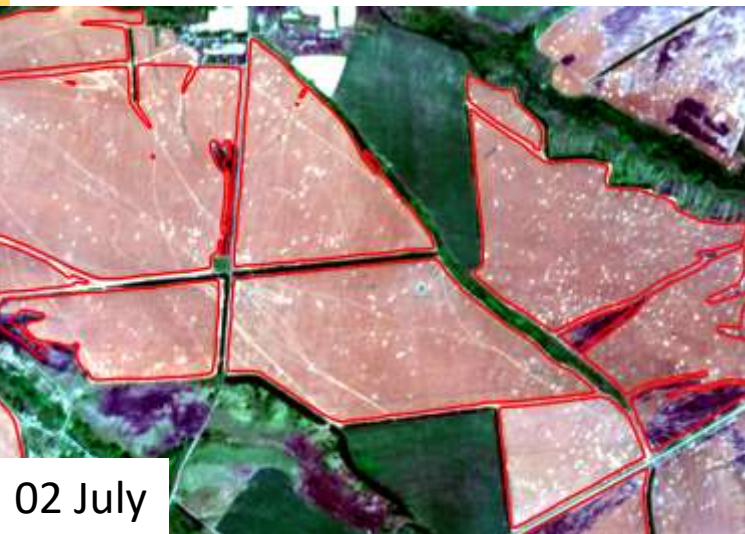
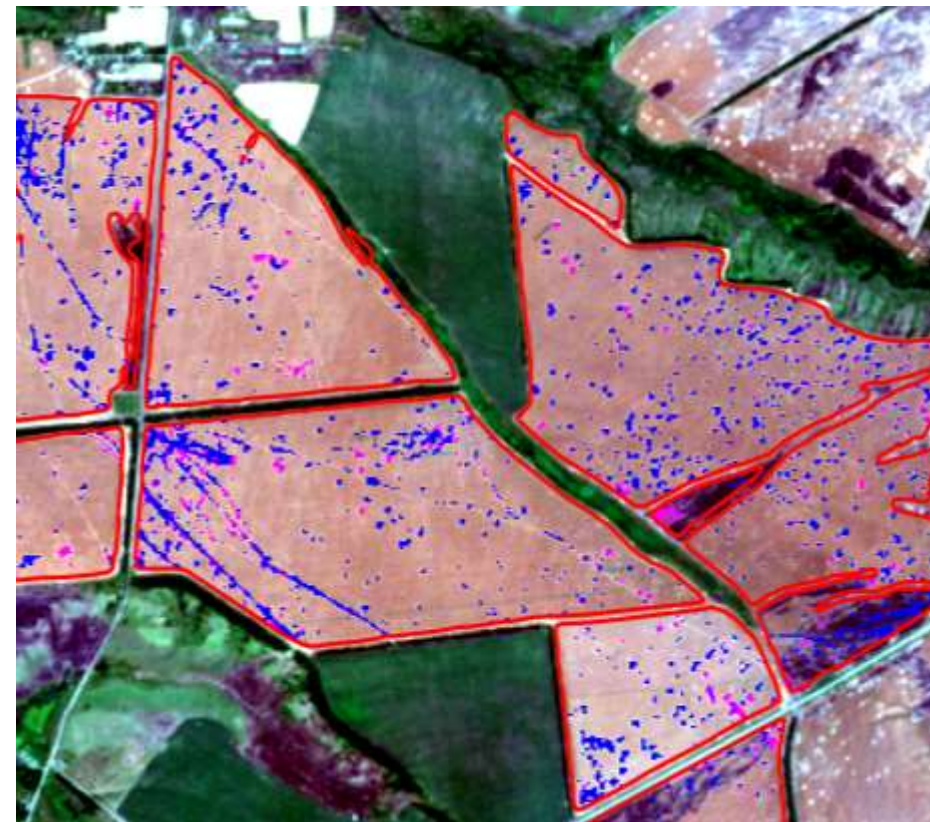
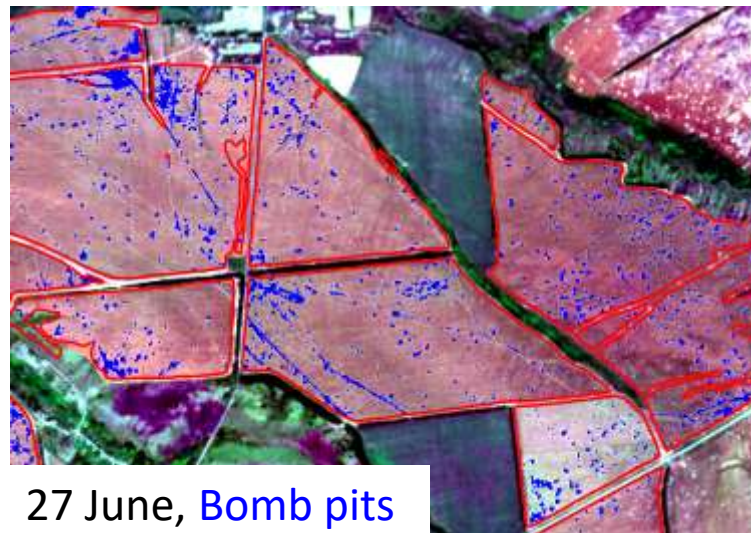
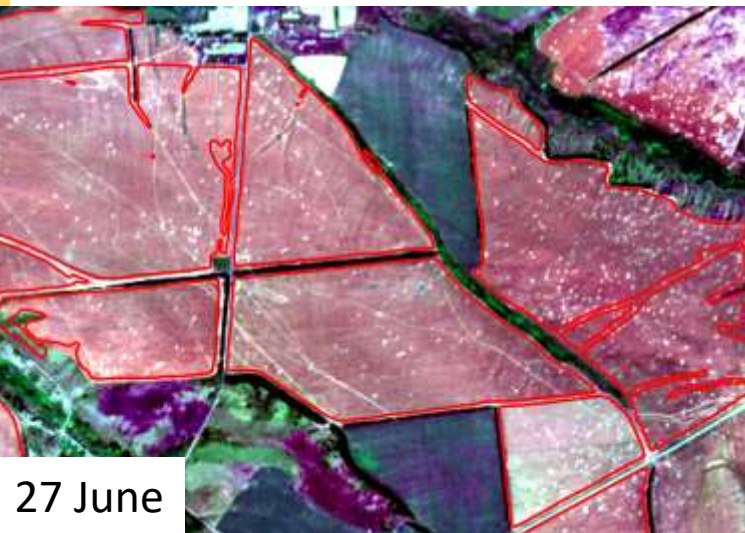


σ – standard deviation of band's value at field level



Detection of new bomb craters

New bomb craters for 5 day period



27 June 2022

02 July 2022





Fires detection





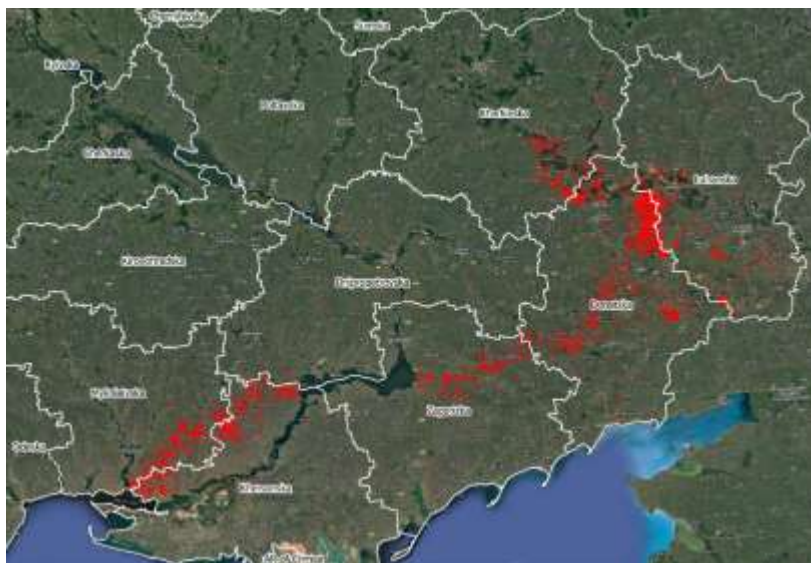
Fires detection (July 2022)

Overall burned area is **104.2 th. ha**

- 70 th. ha – cereal crops
- 7.8 th. ha – summer crops
- 25 th. ha – grassland

Damaged **317 th. tons** of grain

	Cereal	Rapeseed	Summer crops	Grassland	Forest	Total (ha)
Donetska	25823,7	4,3	144,8	10122,6	266,3	36361,6
Khersonska	10843,2	87,3	4129,4	4684,9	150,6	19895,3
Mykolaivska	14556,3	41,0	1398,2	2964,9	286,8	19247,1
Zaporizka	9173,0	81,2	1774,7	1448,5	61,4	12538,8
Luhanska	3396,0	30,1	175,3	4859,1	287,7	8748,2
Kharkivska	5395,0	0,1	43,2	769,0	87,1	6294,4
Dnipropetrovska	745,6	7,7	152,4	163,0	2,5	1071,2
Poltavska	45,1	13,1	1,0	0,9	0,0	60,1
Odeska	3,0	0,0	7,7	1,8	0,0	12,6





Scripts Docs Assets

Classification_Ukr_2018
Classification_Ukr_2020
Classification_Ukr_2021

Fire_august2022 *
122
123
124
125

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// .addBands(ndwiMasked_2603)
// .addBands(ndwiMasked_2403)

Inspector Console Tasks
Manage tasks.
Search or cancel multiple tasks in the Task



Near the National nature park of nationwide significance «Oleshkivski pisky», Kherson region



Scripts Docs Assets

Fire_august2022 *
122
123
124
125

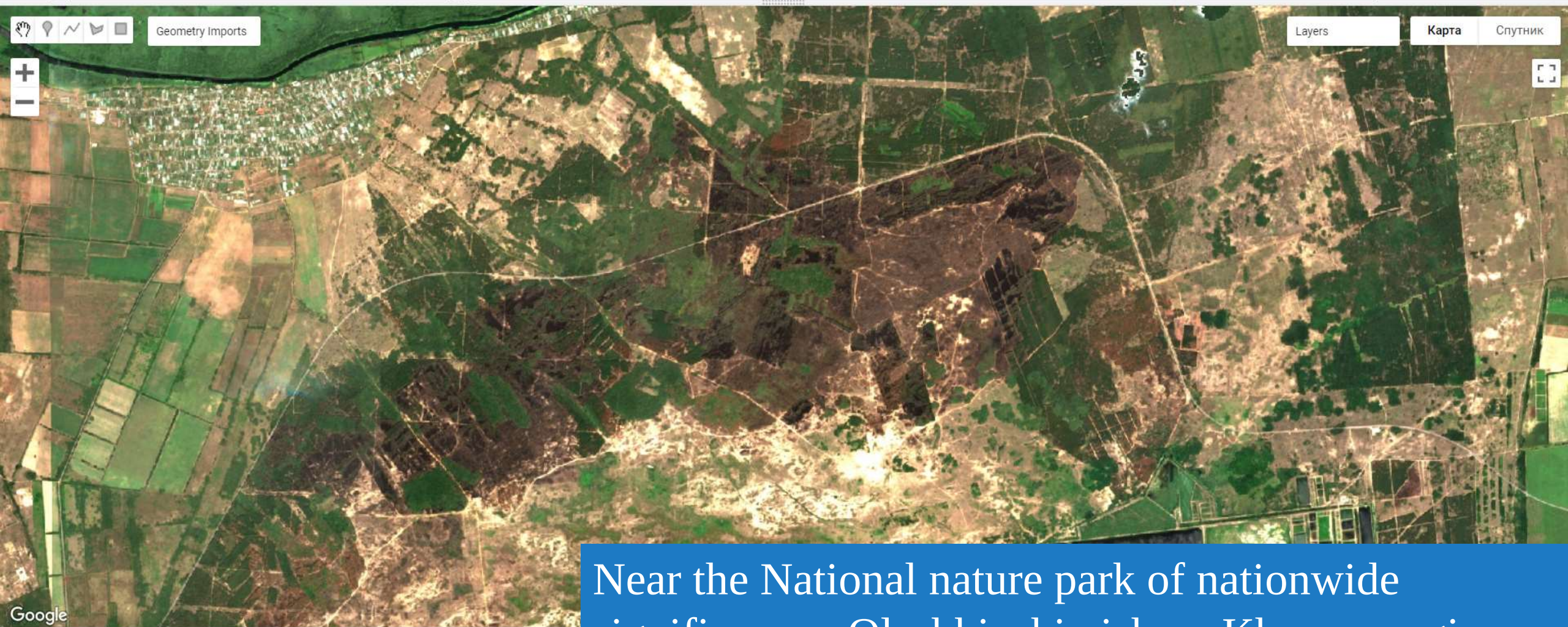
Get Link Save Run Reset Apps

Inspector Console Tasks

Manage tasks.
Search or cancel multiple tasks in the Task

Classification_Ukr_2018
Classification_Ukr_2020
Classification_Ukr_2021

//.addBands(ndwiMasked_2603)
//.addBands(ndwiMasked_2403)



Near the National nature park of nationwide significance «Oleshkivski pisky», Kherson region



Scripts Docs Assets

Classification_Ukr_2018
Classification_Ukr_2020
Classification_Ukr_2021

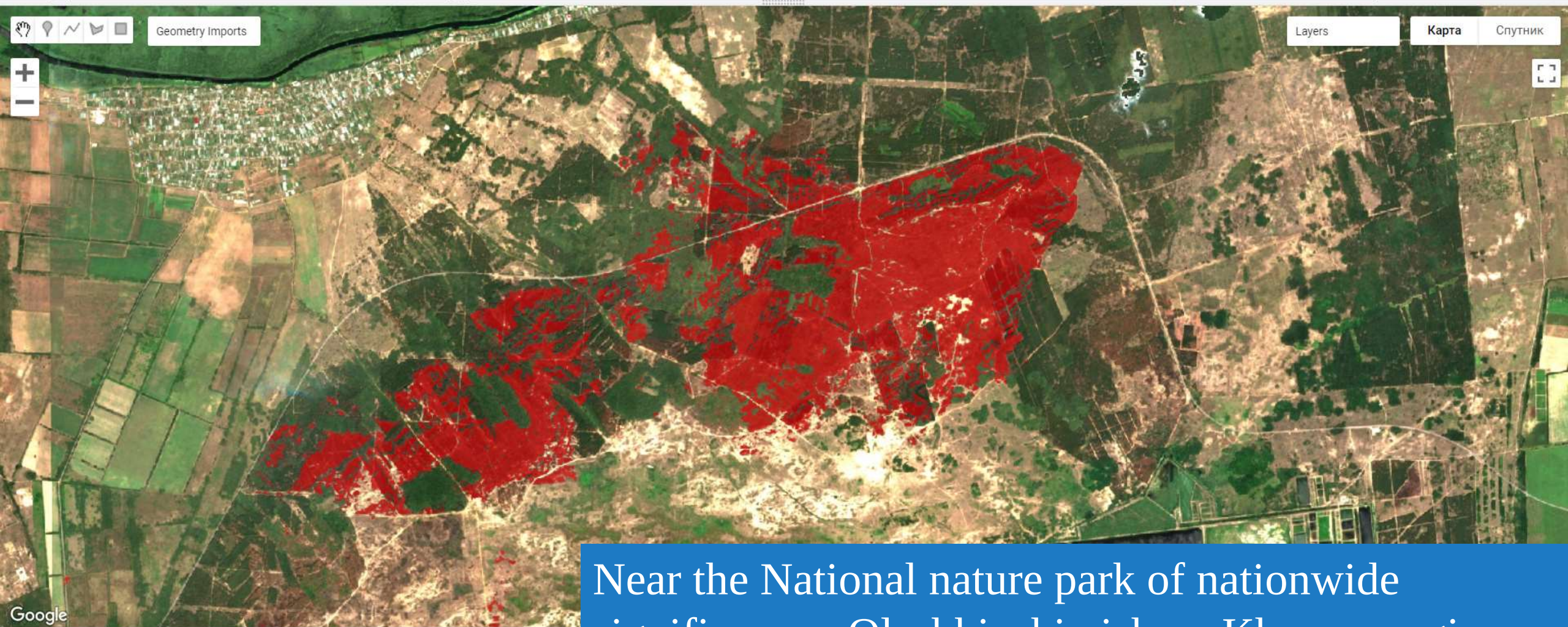
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```
//.addBands(ndwiMasked_2603)  
//.addBands(ndwiMasked_2403)
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Inspector Console Tasks

Manage tasks.
Search or cancel multiple tasks in the Task



Near the National nature park of nationwide significance «Oleshkivski pisky», Kherson region



Scripts Docs Assets

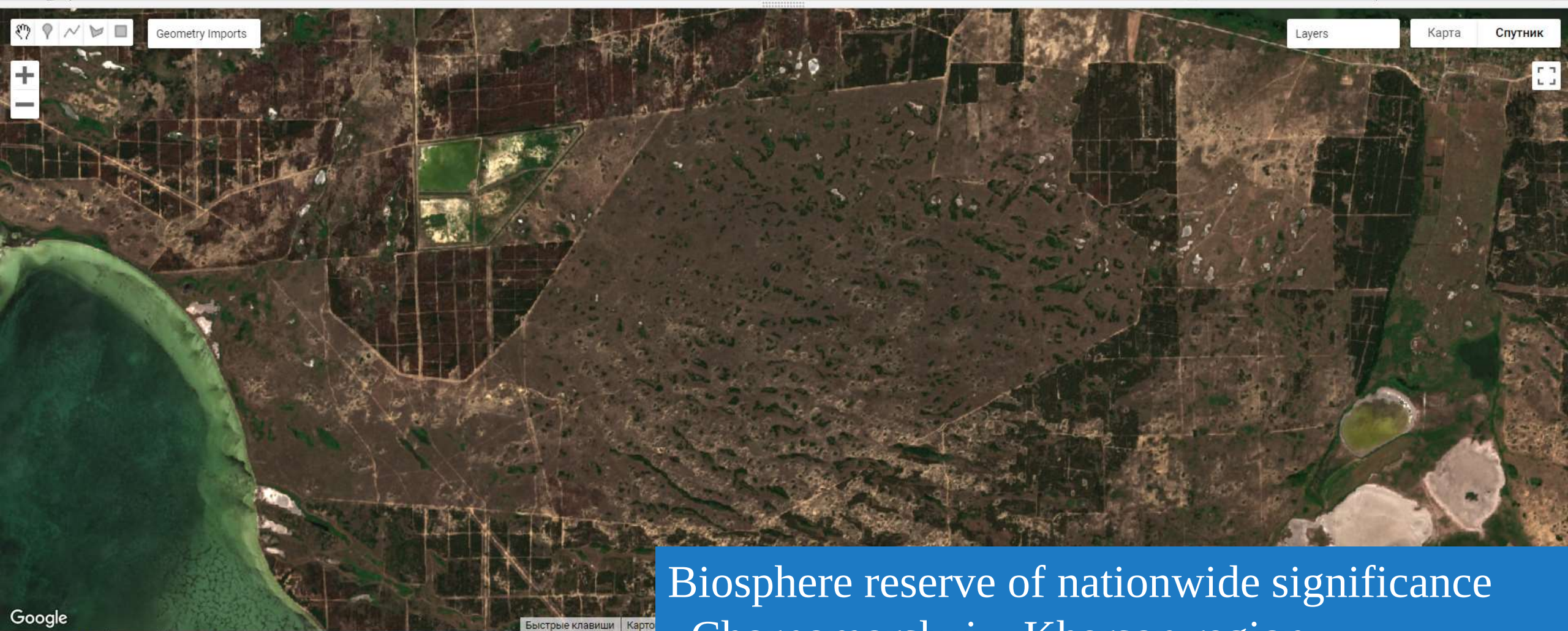
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Inspector Console Tasks

Classification_Ukr_2018
Classification_Ukr_2020
Classification_Ukr_2021

4		[40.68285721210471, 49.90797106635598],
5		[36.94750564960471, 50.63820676556809]]];
6		

Manage tasks.
Search or cancel multiple tasks in the Task



Biosphere reserve of nationwide significance
«Chornomorskyi», Kherson region



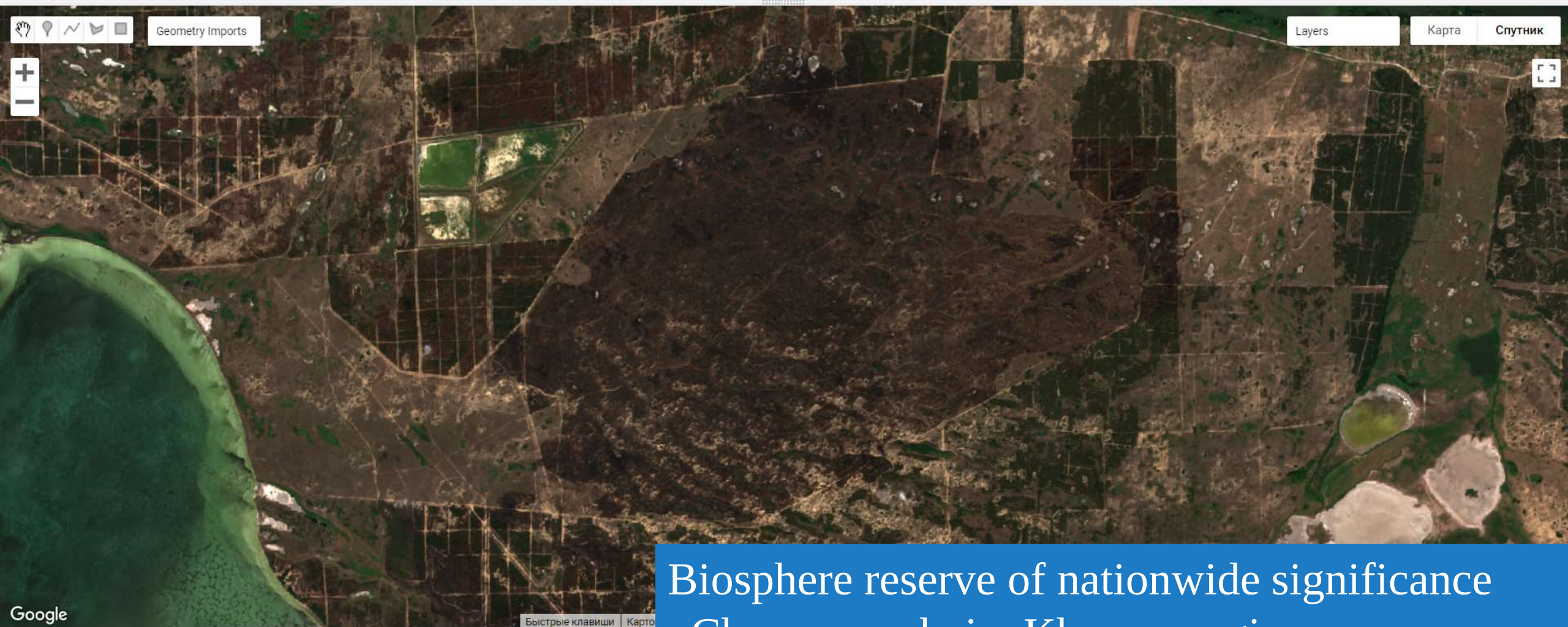
Scripts Docs Assets

Fire_august2022 *
Get Link Save Run Reset Apps

Inspector Console Tasks
Manage tasks. UPDATING...
Search or cancel multiple tasks in the Task

Classification_Ukr_2016
Classification_Ukr_2020
Classification_Ukr_2021

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5 [36.94750564960471, 50.63820676556809]]];
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Biosphere reserve of nationwide significance «Chornomorskyi», Kherson region



Scripts Docs Assets

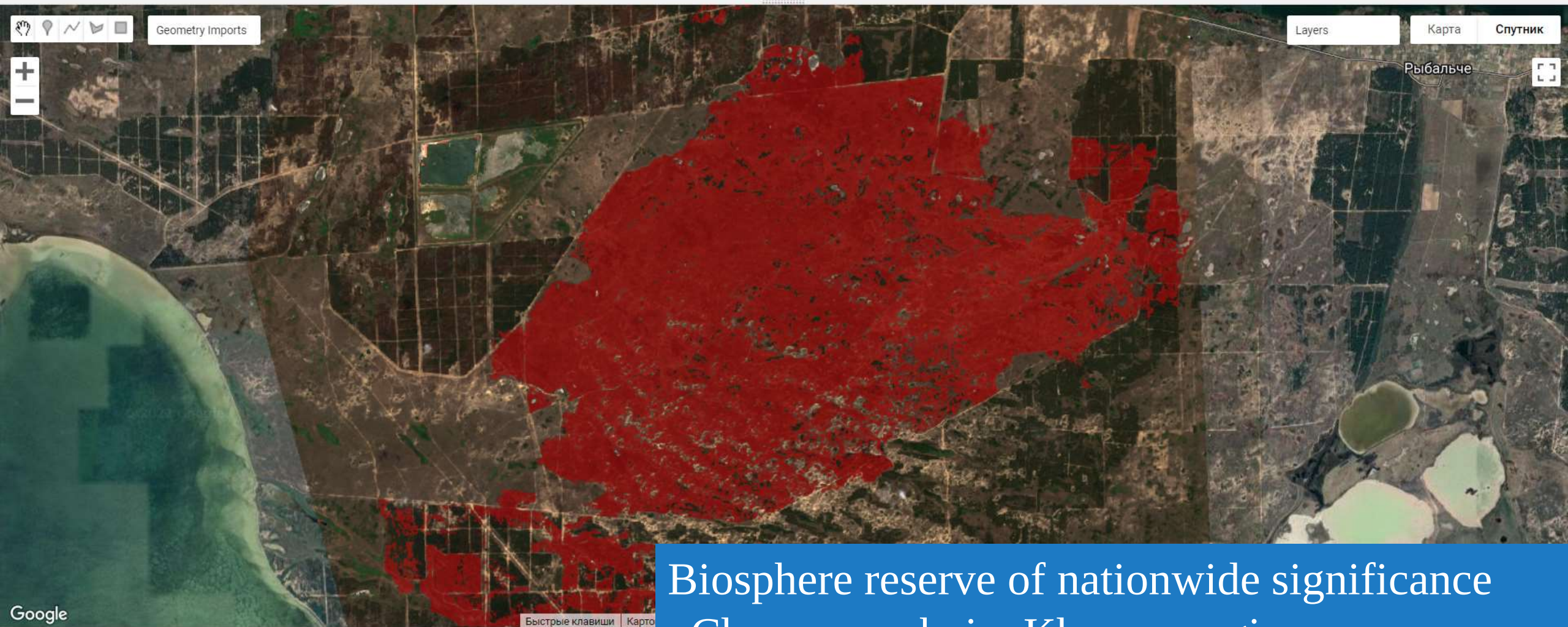
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Classification_Ukr_2020
Classification_Ukr_2021

Fire_august2022 * Get Link Save Run Reset Apps

4		[40.68285721210471, 49.90797106635598],
5		[36.94750564960471, 50.63820676556809]]];
6		

Inspector Console Tasks

Manage tasks.
Search or cancel multiple tasks in the Task



Biosphere reserve of nationwide significance
«Chornomorskyi», Kherson region



Cloud platforms for satellite data processing

- **Amazon Web Services (AWS)**
- **Google Earth Engine**
- **DIAS, for instance, CREODIAS**
 - **OCRE project**
- **Open Data Cube**





EO4UA initiative based on CREODIAS

- Free platform for sharing data and products
- Initiator - CloudFerro
- Partners – public and private institutions





Discussion

- War damage assessment
 - methodology development – ready to share
- Consulting and best practices on Machine Learning and Cloud Computing
- Trainings
 - our main competence, ready to contribute